

Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (LSST)

Data Management System Design

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LDM-148

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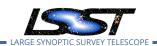
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Abstract

The LSST Data Management System (DMS) is a set of services employing a variety of software components running on computational and networking infrastructure that combine to deliver science data products to the observatory's users and support observatory operations. This document describes the components, their service instances, and their deployment environments as well as the interfaces among them, the rest of the LSST system, and the outside world.



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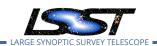
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Data Management System Design



Data Management System Design

1 Overview

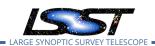
The LSST Data Management System (DMS) is a set of services employing a variety of software components running on computational and networking infrastructure that combine to deliver science data products to the observatory's users and support observatory operations. The DMS is constructed by the DM subsystem in the NSF MREFC project; in the Operations era, it is operated by a combination of the LSST Data Facility, Science Operations, and Observatory Operations departments.

The data products to be delivered are defined and described in the Data Products Definition Document (LSE-163). These are divided into three major categories.

One category of data products is generated on a nightly or daily cadence and comprises raw, calibrated, and difference images as well as alerts of transient, moving, and variable objects detected from the images, published within 60 seconds, and recorded in searchable catalogs. These data products can be considered "online", as they are driven primarily by the observing cadence of the observatory. This category has historically been referred to as "Level 1".

A second category of data products is generated on an annual cadence and represents a complete reprocessing of the set of images taken to date to generate astronomical catalogs containing measurements and characterization of tens of billions of stars and galaxies with high and uniform astrometric and photometric accuracy. As part of this reprocessing, all of the first category of data products is regenerated, often using more accurate algorithms. This category also includes other data products such as calibration products and templates that are generated in an "offline" mode, not directly tied to the observing cadence. This category has historically been referred to as "Level 2", including the regenerated data products from the first category.

The third category of data products is not generated by the LSST DMS but is instead generated, created, or imported by science users. These products derive value from their close association with or derivation from other LSST data products. The DMS is responsible for providing facilities, services, and software for their generation and storage. This category has historically been referred to as "Level 3".

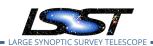


Science data products are delivered through Data Access Centers (DACs), plus streams of near-realtime alerts and telescope pointing predictions. Each LSST data product has associated metadata providing provenance and quality metrics and tracing it to relevant calibration information in the archive. The DACs are composed of modest but significant computational, storage, networking, and other resources intended for use as a flexible, multi-tenant environment for professional astronomers with LSST data rights to retrieve, manipulate, and annotate LSST data products in order to perform scientific discovery and inquiry.

The services that make up the DMS are in turn made up of software and underlying service components, instantiated in a particular configuration in a particular computing environment to perform a particular function. Some software components are specific to a service; others are general-purpose and reused across multiple services. Many services have only one instance in the production system; others have several, and all have additional instances in the development and integration environments for testing purposes.

The DMS services can be considered to consist of four tiers of software components. The top tier is the LSST Science Platform, which is deployed in the DACs and other computational environments to provide a user interface and analysis environment for science users and LSST staff. The detailed design of this tier is given in "LSST Science Platform", LSE-319. The next tier is composed of science "applications" software that generates data products. This software is used to build "payloads", sequences of pipelines, that perform particular data analysis and product generation tasks. It is also used by science users and staff to analyze the data products. The detailed design of the components in this tier is given in Data Management Science Pipelines Design, LDM-151. A lower tier is "middleware" software components and services that execute the science application payloads and isolate them from their environment, including changes to underlying technologies. These components also provide data access for science users and staff. The detailed design of the components in this tier is given in Data Management Middleware Design, LDM-152. The bottom tier is "infrastructure": hardware, networking, and low-level software and services that provide a computing environment. The detailed design of components in this tier is given in Data Management Services & Infrastructure, LDM-129, and Network Design, LSE-78.

The DMS computing environments reside in four main physical locations: the Summit Site including the main Observatory and Auxiliary Telescope buildings on Cerro Pachon, Chile; the Base Facility data center located at the Base Site in La Serena, Chile; the Archive Facility data center at the National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) in Urbana, Illinois,



USA; and the Satellite Computing Facility at CC-IN2P3 in Lyon, France. These are linked by high-speed networks to allow rapid data movement. The Base and Archive Facilities include production computational environments (the Base Enclave and NCSA Enclave, respectively) and also the US and Chilean Data Access Centers. In addition, a Commissioning Cluster computational environment also resides at the Base Facility.

The DMS service instances in the NCSA Enclave can be broken down into three main functional domains: a near-realtime online domain (L1) closely linked to the rest of the Observatory; an offline Level 2 domain (L2) organized primarily around the annual Data Release Production; and an analysis and developer support domain (ADS) encompassing environments that operations staff use for science validation, software development, system integration, and system testing. In addition, an underlying infrastructure domain (Infra) hosts services supporting all of the other domains, including a common Data Backbone that provides data transport and archiving and that is the primary connection between all of the domains. These domains are distinguished by having different users, operations timescales, interfaces, and often components.

The service instances that make up the DMS include (with the computational environment or domains they are in noted):

- Image and EFD Archiving (Base)
- Prompt Processing Ingest (Base)
- Observatory Control System (OCS) Driven Batch Control (Base)
- Telemetry Gateway (Base)
- Prompt Processing (L1)
- OCS Driven Batch Processing (L1)
- Offline Processing (L1)
- Alert Distribution (L1)
- Alert Filtering (L1)
- Level 1 Quality Control (QC) (L1)
- Template and Calibration Products Production Execution (L2)



- Data Release Production Execution (L2)
- Data Release Production Satellite Processing (Satellite Computing)
- Level 2 QC (L2)
- LSST Science Platform Commissioning Cluster instance (Commissioning Cluster)
- LSST Science Platform Data Access Center instances (DACs)
- Bulk Data Distribution (DAC)
- LSST Science Platform Science Validation instance (ADS)
- Developer Services (ADS)
- Integration and Test (ADS)
- Data Backbone (Infra)
- Management/Monitoring (Infra)
- Provisioning/Deployment (Infra)
- Workload/Workflow (Infra)
- HTCondor Batch Processing (Infra)
- Identity Management (Infra)

The relationships between these services, their deployment environments, functional domains, and science application "payloads" can be visualized in Figure 1.

The common infrastructure services are illustrated in Figure 2.

The science application software for the Alert Production, daytime processing, Data Release Production, and calibration processing is built out of a set of frameworks that accept plugins. In turn, those frameworks build on middleware that provides portability and scalability.

Key applications software components include (see Figure 3):

Low-level astronomical software primitives and data structures (afw)

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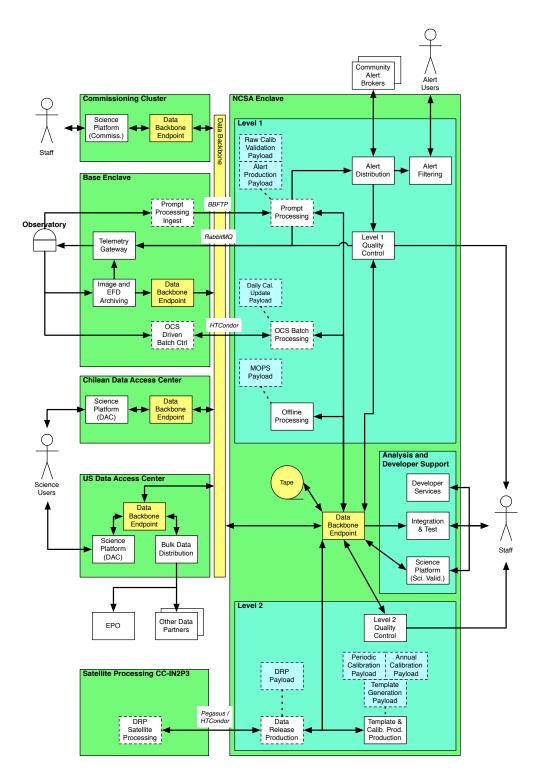


FIGURE 1: Data Management System Deployment

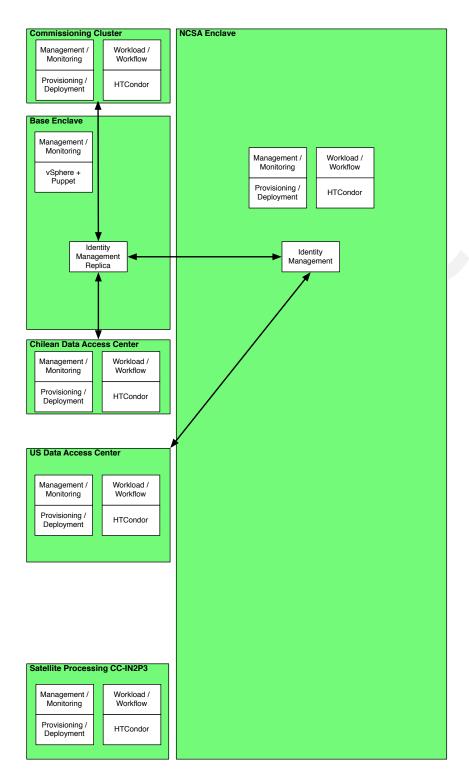
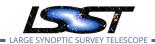


FIGURE 2: Data Management System Common Infrastructure Services



- Image processing and measurement framework with core algorithms (ip_*, meas_*)
- Additional image processing and measurement algorithms (meas_extensions_*)
- High-level algorithms and driver scripts that define pipelines (pipe_tasks, pipe_drivers)
- Camera-specific customizations (obs_*)

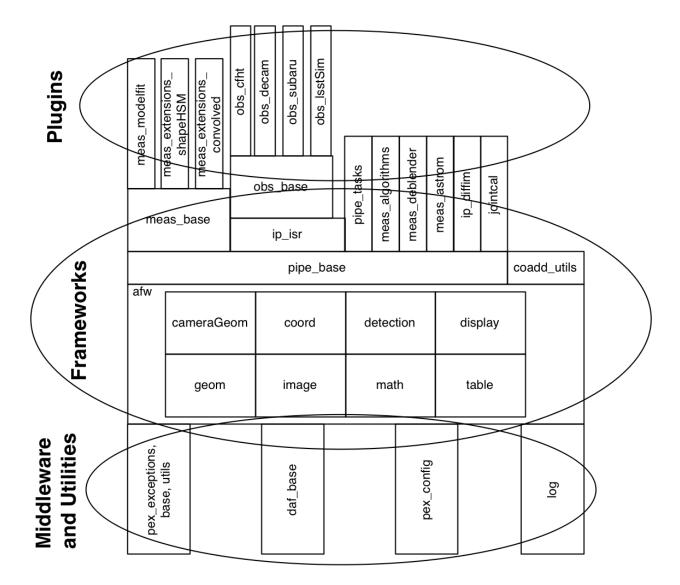
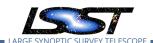


FIGURE 3: Data Management Science Pipelines Software "Stack"

Key middleware components include:

• Data access client (Data Butler) (daf_persistence)



- Parallel distributed database (gserv)
- Task framework (pex_*, log, pipe_base, ctrl_pool)
- Workflow and orchestration for production control (ctrl_*)

Infrastructure components include:

- Other databases (typically relational)
- Filesystems
- Authentication and authorization (identity management)
- · Provisioning and resource management
- Monitoring

See Figure 4.

2 Base Enclave

Services located in this enclave are located at the Base solely because they must interact with the OCS or the Camera Data System (also known as the Camera DAQ) or both. In several cases, services located here interact closely with corresponding services in the NCSA Enclave's Level 1 Domain, to the point where the Base service cannot function if the NCSA service is not operational. This reliance has been taken into account in the fault tolerance strategies used.

The primary goals of the services in this enclave are to transfer data to appropriate locations, either to NCSA, from NCSA, or to the Data Backbone.

The services in this enclave and their partners in the NCSA Enclave Level 1 Domain need to run rapidly and reliably. They run at times (outside office hours) and with latencies that are not amenable to a human-in-the-loop design. Instead, they are designed to execute autonomously, often under the control of the OCS, with human oversight, monitoring, and control only at the highest level.

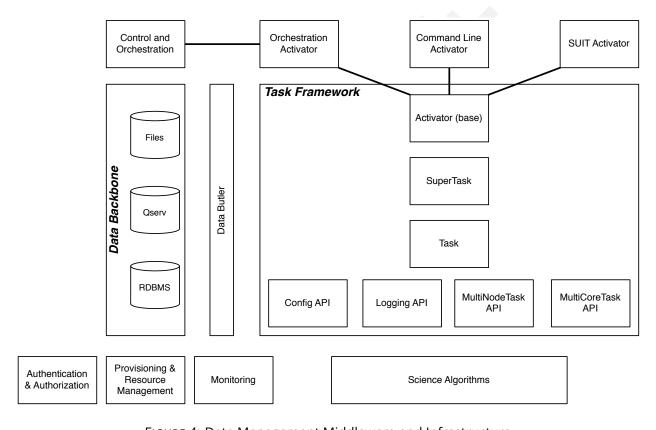
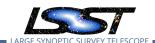


FIGURE 4: Data Management Middleware and Infrastructure



2.1 Service Descriptions

Detailed concepts of operations for each service can be found in "Concept of Operations for the LSST Production Services" (LDM-230).

2.1.1 Image and EFD Archiving

This component is composed of several Image Archiving service and Catch-Up Image Archiving instances: one pair each for the LSSTCam, the ComCam, and the Auxiliary Telescope Spectrograph, all of which may be operated simultaneously. These capture raw images taken by each camera, including the wavefront sensors and the guide sensors of the LSSTCam or ComCam when so configured, retrieving them from their respective Camera Data System instances. They also capture specific sets of metadata associated with the images, including telemetry values and event timings, from the OCS publish/subscribe middleware and/or from the EFD. The image pixels and metadata are then permanently archived in the Data Backbone. The catch-up versions archive into the Data Backbone any raw images and metadata that were missed by the primary archiving services due to network or other outage, retrieving them from the flash storage in the Camera Data System instances and the EFD.

This component also includes an EFD Transformation service that extracts all information (including telemetry, events, configurations, and commands) from the EFD and its large file annex, transforms it into a form more suitable for querying by image timestamp, and loads it into the permanently archived "Transformed EFD" database in the Data Backbone.

2.1.2 Prompt Processing Ingest

This component is composed of two instances that capture crosstalk-corrected images from the LSSTCam and ComCam Camera Data Systems along with selected metadata from the OCS and/or EFD and transfer them to the Prompt Processing service in the NCSA Enclave Level 1 Domain.

There is no Prompt Processing Ingest instance for the auxiliary telescope spectrograph.



2.1.3 OCS Driven Batch Control

This service receives commands from the OCS and invokes the OCS Driven Batch Processing service in the NCSA Enclave Level 1 Domain to execute corresponding science payloads. It is used for modest-latency analysis of images during Commissioning and for processing daily calibration images in normal observing operations. A summary status for the processing performed is returned to the OCS for each command, following the normal OCS commanding protocol.

2.1.4 Telemetry Gateway

This service obtains information from the NCSA Enclave Level 1 Domain, particularly status and quality metrics from Prompt Processing of images and the Level 1 Quality Control service, and transmits it to the OCS as specified in the Data Management-OCS Software Communication Interface (LSE-72). Note that more detailed information on the status and performance of DMS services will also be available to Observatory operators through remote displays originated from the Management/Monitoring infrastructure services in all DMS computational environments.

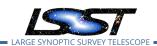
2.2 Interfaces

OCS to all Base Enclave services: these interface through the SAL library provided by the OCS subsystem.

Archiver and Catch-Up Archiver to Data Backbone: files are copied to Data Backbone storage via a file transfer mechanism, and their information and metadata are registered with Data Backbone management dataabases. The Data Butler is not used for this low-level, non-science-payload interface.

EFD to EFD Transformer: this interface is via connection to the MySQL databases that make up the EFD as well as file transfer from the EFD's Large File Annex.

EFD Transformer to Data Backbone: Transformed EFD entries are inserted into the "Transformed EFD" database resident within the Data Backbone.



Camera Data System to Archiver, Catch-Up Archiver, Prompt Processing Ingest: these interface through the custom library provided by the Camera Data System.

Prompt Processing Ingest to Prompt Processing: BBFTP is used to transfer files over the international network from the ingest service to the processing service.

OCS Driven Batch Control to OCS Driven Batch Processing: HTCondor is used to transfer execution instructions over the international network from the control service to the processing service and return status and result information.

Telemetry Gateway from NCSA Enclave Level 1 Domain services: RabbitMQ is used to transfer status and quality metrics to the gateway over the international network.

3 NCSA Enclave Level 1 Domain

This domain is responsible for the compute-intensive processing for all near-realtime operations and other operations closely tied with the Observatory. Its primary goals are to process images and metadata from the Observatory into "online" science data products and publish them to the DACs, alert subscribers, and back to the OCS.

The Prompt Processing, OCS Driven Batch Processing, and Offline Processing services support execution of science payloads in three different ways. Prompt Processing is tightly integrated with the observing cadence and is intended to function in near-realtime with strict result deadlines. OCS Driven Batch Processing is invoked by the OCS but has more modest latency requirements. Offline Processing is not invoked by the OCS but operates under DMS control, typically during the daytime.

The Alert Distribution and Alert Filtering services receive batches of alerts resulting from Prompt Processing of each scienc visit; they then provide alert streams to community alert brokers and LSST data rights holders, respectively.

The Level 1 Quality Control service monitors the "online" science data products, including alerts, notifying operators if any anomalies are found.

Like the services in the Base Enclave, these services need to run rapidly and reliably and so



are designed to execute autonomously.

3.1 Service Descriptions

Detailed concepts of operations for each service can be found in "Concept of Operations for the LSST Production Services" (LDM-230).

3.1.1 Prompt Processing

This service receives crosstalk-corrected images and metadata from the Prompt Processing Ingest service at the Base and executes the Alert Production science payload on them, generating "online" data products that are stored in the Data Backbone. The Alert Production payload then sends alerts to the Alert Distribution service.

The Prompt Processing service has calibration (including Collimated Beam Projector images), science, and deep drilling modes. In calibration mode, it executes a Raw Calibration Validation payload that provides rapid feedback of raw calibration image quality. In normal science mode, two consecutive exposures are grouped and processed as a single visit. Definitions of exposure groupings to be processed as visits in deep drilling and other modes are TBD. The service is required to deliver Alerts within 60 seconds of the final camera readout of a standard science visit with 98% reliability.

There is no Prompt Processing service instance for the Auxiliary Telescope Spectrograph.

3.1.2 OCS Driven Batch Processing

This service executes science payloads in response to commands from the OCS Driven Batch Control service at the Base and thus indirectly from the Observatory Control System. It is used for modest-latency analysis of images during Commissioning and for processing daily calibration images in normal observing operations. Images and metadata are taken from the Data Backbone, and results are provided back to the Data Backbone; there is no direct connection from this service to the Camera Data System. This obviously bounds the minimum latency from image acquisition to processing start by the latency of the Archiving service and Data Backbone transfer. A summary status for the processing performed is sent to the OCS Driven Batch Control service to be returned to the OCS.



3.1.3 Offline Processing

This service executes science payloads to ensure that all Level 1 data products are generated within 24 hours. In particular, this service executes the daytime Moving Object Processing System payload. It also may execute a variant of the Alert Production payload if the Prompt Processing service encounters difficulties. Images and metadata are taken from the Data Backbone, and results are provided back to the Data Backbone.

3.1.4 Level 1 Quality Control

This service collects information on Level 1 science and calibration payload execution, post-processes the science data products from the Data Backbone to generate additional measurements, and monitors the measurement values against defined thresholds, providing an automated quality control capability for potentially detecting issues with the environment, telescope, camera, data acquisition, or data processing. Alarms stemming from threshold crossings are delivered to Observatory operators and to LSST Data Facility Production Scientists for verification, analysis, and resolution.

3.1.5 Alert Distribution

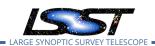
This service obtains alerts generated by the Alert Production science payload and distributes them to community alert brokers and to the Alert Filtering service.

3.1.6 Alert Filtering

This service obtains an alert feed from the Alert Broker Feed service and allows individual LSST data rights holders to execute limited filters against it, producing filtered feeds that are then distributed to the individuals.

3.2 Interfaces

Prompt Processing to Alert Distribution and Alert Filtering: these interface through a reliable transport system.



Prompt Processing to Offline Processing: in the event that Prompt Processing runs over its allotted time window, processing can be cancelled and the failure recorded, after which Offline Processing will redo the processing at a later time. Note that it may be possible, if sufficient computational resources have been provisioned, for the Prompt Processing to be allowed to continue to run, with spare capacity used to maintain latency for future visits. In that case, there would effectively be an infinite time window.

Science Payloads to Data Backbone: payloads use the Data Butler as a client to access files and catalog databases within the Data Backbone.

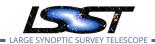
4 NCSA Enclave Level 2 Domain

This domain is responsible for all longer-period data processing operations, including the largest and most complex payloads supported by the DMS: the annual Data Release Production (DRP) and periodic Calibration Products Productions (CPPs). Note that CPPs will execute even while the annual DRP is executing, hence the need for a separate service. The Level 2 Quality Control Service monitors the science data products, notifying operators if any anomalies are found.

The services in this domain need to run efficiently and reliably over long periods of time, spanning weeks or months. They need to execute millions or billions of tasks when their input data becomes available while tracking the status of each and preserving its output. They are designed to execute autonomously with human oversight, monitoring, and control primarily at the highest level, although provisions are made for manual intervention if absolutely necessary.

This domain does not have direct users (besides the operators of its services); the services within it obtain inputs from the Data Backbone and place their outputs into the Data Backbone.

4.1 Service Descriptions

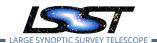


4.1.1 Template and Calibration Products Production Execution

This service executes various CPP science payloads at intervals to generate Master Calibration Images and populate the Calibration Database with information derived from analysis of raw calibration images from the Data Backbone and information in the Transformed EFD. This includes the computation of crosstalk correction matrices. Although not a calibration product, the templates used by Alert Production are also generated by this service, based on raw science images from the Data Backbone. Additional information such as external catalogs are also taken from the Data Backbone. The intervals at which this service executes will depend on the stability of Observatory systems but are expected to include at least monthly and annual executions. The annual execution is a prerequisite for the subsequent execution of the Data Release Production. The service involves human scientist/operator input to determine initial configurations of the payload, to monitor and analyze the results, and possibly to provide additional configuration information during execution.

4.1.2 Data Release Production Execution

This service executes the DRP science payload annually to generate all Level 2 data products after the annual CPP is executed. A small-scale (about 10% of the sky) mini-production is executed first to ensure readiness, followed by the full production. Raw science images are taken from the Data Backbone along with Master Calibration Images and information from the Transformed EFD. Additional information such as external catalogs may also be taken from the Data Backbone. Computing is performed in conjunction with the DRP Satellite Processing service at CC-IN2P3, which will have capacity for half of the DRP processing. Output data products from both the mini-production and the main production are loaded into the Data Backbone, including both images and catalogs. From there, they are analyzed by LSST staff scientists and selected external scientists using the Science Validation instance of the LSST Science Platform to ensure quality and readiness for release. The to-be-released data products are loaded into the Data Access Center services, and access is then enabled on the release date. The service involves human scientist/operator/programmer input to determine initial configurations of the payload, to monitor and analyze results, and, when absolutely necessary, to make "hot fixes" during execution that maintain adequate consistency of the resulting data products.



4.1.3 Level 2 Quality Control

This collects information on Level 2 science payload execution, post-processes the science data products from the Data Backbone to generate additional measurements, and monitors the measurement values against defined thresholds, providing an automated quality control capability for potentially detecting issues with the data processing but also the environment, telescope, camera, or data acquisition. Alarms stemming from threshold crossings are delivered to LSST Data Facility Production Scientists for verification, analysis, and resolution.

4.2 Interfaces

Calibration Products Production Execution and Data Release Production Execution to Data Backbone: for large-scale productions, a workflow system is expected to stage files and selected database entries from the Data Backbone to local storage for access by the science payloads via the Data Butler. Similarly, the staging system will ingest output images and catalogs into the Data Backbone.

5 Satellite Computing Enclave

5.1 Service Description

5.1.1 Data Release Production Satellite Processing

This service controls the processing of jobs on the CC-IN2P3 satellite computing facilities under the overall workload and workflow management of the Data Release Production Execution service at NCSA.

5.2 Interfaces

DRP Satellite Processing to DRP Execution: DRP Execution will stage data to the Satellite Processing facility. All raw data, including images, metadata, and the Transformed EFD, will be transferred. Intermediate data products will be transferred back to the NCSA Enclave Level 2 Domain.



6 Data Access Center Enclaves

There are two Data Access Centers, one in the US at NCSA and one in Chile at the Base. These DACs are responsible for all science-user-facing services, primarily instances of the LSST Science Platform (LSP). The LSP is the preferred analytic interface to LSST data products in the DAC. It provides computation and data access on both interactive and asynchronous timescales. The US DAC also includes a service for distributing bulk data on daily and annual (Data Release) timescales to partner institutions, collaborations, and LSST Education and Public Outreach (EPO).

The services in this domain must support multiple users simultaneously and securely. The LSP must be responsive to science user needs; updates are likely to occur at a different cadence from the other domains as a result. The LSP must operate reliably enough that scientific work is not impeded.

6.1 Service Descriptions

6.1.1 Bulk Data Distribution

This service is used to transmit Level 1 and Level 2 data products to partners such as LSST Education and Public Outreach, the UK LSST project, and the Dark Energy Science Collaboration. It extracts data products from the Data Backbone and transmits them over high bandwidth connections to designated, pre-subscribed partners.

6.1.2 LSST Science Platform DAC instances

This service provides an exploratory analysis environment for science users. It can be further broken down into three "Aspects" that it presents to end users, along with underlying "backend services" that users can take advantage of, as illustrated in Figure 5.

The "Portal" Aspect provides a pre-specified yet flexible discovery, query, and viewing tool. The "JupyterLab" Aspect provides a fully flexible ("notebook") environment incorporating rendering of images, catalogs, and plots and providing for execution of LSST-provided and custom algorithms. The "Web API" Aspect provides a language-independent, VO-compliant Web Services data access API with extensions for LSST capabilities and volumes. Access is provided

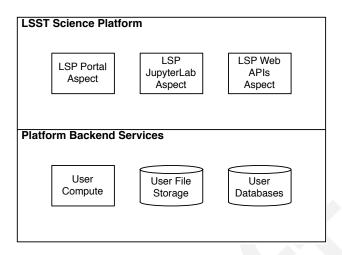


FIGURE 5: LSST Science Platform

via all three Aspects to all data products, including images, catalogs, and metadata. The Web API Aspect regenerates "virtual" data products on demand when required.

The backend services provide general-purpose user computation, including batch job submission; user file storage modeled on VOSpace; and user database storage modeled on Sky-Server MyDB. Data may be shared with individual users, with groups, or with all DAC users (data rights holders). Resource management of the backend services is based on a small "birthright" quota with additional resources allocated by a committee.

All usage of any LSST Science Platform instance requires authentication to ensure availability only to LSST data rights holders or LSST operations staff.

6.2 Interfaces

Bulk Data Distribution and LSST Science Platform to Data Backbone: Both DAC-resident services retrieve their data, including raw images, nightly and annual image and catalog data products, metadata, and provenance, from the Data Backbone. The LSP Portal Aspect uses the LSP Web APIs to retrieve data. The LSP JupyterLab Aspect can use the LSP Web APIs and also can use the Data Butler client library to access the Data Backbone.

Bulk Data Distribution to partners: The exact delivery mechanism for large-scale data distribution is TBD.



7 NCSA Enclave Analysis and Developer Support Domain

This domain encompasses environments for analysts, developers, and integration and test. Its users are the Observatory staff as they analyze raw data and processed data products to characterize them, develop new algorithms and systems, and test new versions of components and services before deployment.

7.1 Service Descriptions

7.1.1 LSST Science Platform Science Validation instance

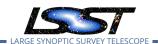
This instance of the LSST Science Platform is customized to allow access to unreleased and intermediate data products from the Alert, Calibration Products, and Data Release Productions. It is optimized for usage by scientists within the LSST Operations team, although selected external scientists can be granted access to assist with Science Validation. Part of the optimization is to size and configure the three Aspects of the LSP appropriately; in particular, more JupyterLab usage and less portal usage is expected.

7.1.2 Developer Services

Software version control service, packaging, build and unit test service, software release management, ticket tracking service, documentation services, etc.

7.1.3 Integration and Testing

Integration environments representing various deployment environments, deployment services, test datasets, test execution services, metric measurement and tracking services, etc. This service includes the DM instance of the Camera DAQ Test Stand, used in a Base Enclave integration environment, as well as the Prototype Data Access Center (PDAC), which is a Data Access Center Enclave integration environment.



7.2 Interfaces

LSP Science Validation instance and Integration and Testing to Data Backbone: All three services in this domain interface with the Data Backbone. The LSP Science Validation instance is used to inspect, analyze, and validate the data products of the Data Release Production prior to their release and so has access to those products in the Data Backbone; since it may be used to annotate the data products, it can also write to the Data Backbone. The Integration and Testing environment may use raw data, intermediate data products, and final data products to perform tests.

Developer Services do not have direct interfaces with the rest of the operational system; they communicate via the distributed source version control system, the package management system, and the configuration system. There is a separate Developer Services instance of the Data Backbone to manage and track datasets used during development.

8 Commissioning Cluster

8.1 Service Description

8.1.1 LSST Science Platform Commissioning instance

This instance of the LSST Science Platform for Science Validation runs on the Commissioning Cluster at the Base Facility (but also has access to computational resources at the Archive) and accesses a Base endpoint for the Data Backbone. This location at the Base lowers the latency of both access to Data Backbone-resident data (which does not have to wait for transfer over the international network) and, perhaps more importantly, for user interface operations for staff in Chile, which are served locally. Note that the Commissioning Cluster does not have direct access to the Camera Data System; it relies on the Archiver service to obtain data. The Commissioning Cluster will have direct access to the OCS's Base replica of the EFD (before transformation).



8.2 Interfaces

Commissioning Cluster to Data Backbone: The Commissioning Cluster relies on the Data Backbone for its data, like the other instances of the LSST Science Platform.

Commissioning Cluster to EFD: The Commissioning Cluster has direct read-only client access to the Base replica of the EFD (before transformation).

9 Infrastructure Domain

This domain encompasses the underlying services and systems that form the computing environments in which the other domains are deployed and operate. It interfaces with the other domains but has no direct users.

9.1 Service Descriptions

9.1.1 Data Backbone

The Data Backbone is a key component that provides for data storage, transport, and replication, allowing data products to move between computational environments. This service provides policy-based replication of files (in the Science Image Archive) and databases (in the Science Catalog Archive) across multiple physical locations, including the Base, Commissioning Cluster, NCSA, and DACs. It manages caches of files at each endpoint as well as persistence to long-term archival storage (e.g. tape). It provides a registration mechanism for new datasets and database entries and a retrieval mechanism compatible with the Data Butler.

The Qserv distributed database system for large-scale catalog data has instances within the Data Backbone in each DAC as well as in the NCSA Enclave.

The relationships between the Data Backbone components are illustrated in Figure 6.

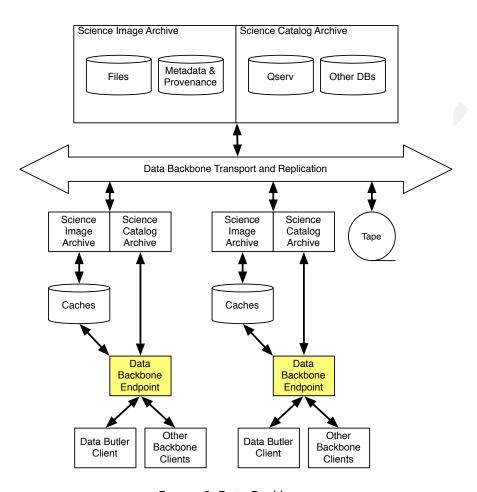
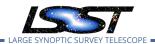


FIGURE 6: Data Backbone



9.1.2 Management/Monitoring

These services provide management and monitoring at service and infrastructure systems levels for each enclave and domain.

9.1.3 Provisioning/Deployment

These services provide compute, local-to-node storage, and local-to-LAN storage resources for all processing, including Prompt Processing, Batch Processing, and the Science Platforms. They allow allocation of compute and storage resources as well as reproducible, controlled deployment of services onto those resources.

Some compute resources are reserved for particular uses, but others can be flexibly provisioned, up to a certain maximum quota, if needed to deal with surges in processing.

The priority order for processing is:

- · Prompt processing
- Offline processing
- OCS-controlled batch processing
- LSP Commissioning Cluster processing
- LSP Science Validation processing
- LSP Data Access Center processing
- Template and Calibration Products Production
- Data Release Production

The Base Enclave's services are not highly dynamic or flexible, as they primarily provide interfacing to the OCS and Camera Data System. The baseline provisioning for them is using vSphere; they will be deployed using Puppet.



9.1.4 Workload/Workflow

These services provide management of the execution of science payloads ranging from a single pipeline to a series of "campaigns", each consisting of multiple pipelines. They are able to handle massively distributed computing, executing jobs when their inputs become available and tracking their status and outputs. They ensure that the data needed for a job is accessible to it and that outputs (including log files, if any) are preserved. They can allocate work across multiple computing environments, in particular between NCSA and the Satellite Computing Facility at CC-IN2P3.

9.1.5 Batch Processing

This service provides execution of batch jobs with a variety of priorities from a variety of users in a variety of environments (e.g. OS and software configurations) on the underlying provisioned compute resources. It will use containerization to handle heterogeneity of environments. HTCondor is the baseline technology choice for this service.

9.1.6 Identity Management

This service provides authentication and authorization for all users of any DMS component, especially the LSST Science Platform instances.

9.2 Interfaces

The infrastructure services generally interact with all other deployed services. In the Base Enclave, there is no workload/workflow management or batch processing; provisioning and deployment are also simplified.

Idntity management instances are present in the Base and NCSA Enclaves. (Another replica will be maintained at the Summit.) These are used to support authentication and authorization for the other physically co-located enclaves: the Commissioning Cluster and the two Data Access Centers.



10 Software Components

10.1 Science Payloads

Described in DM Applications Design Document (LDM-151). Payloads are built from application software components.

10.1.1 Alert Production Payload

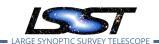
Executes under control of the Prompt Processing service. Generates all Level 1 science data products including Alerts (with the exception of Solar System object orbits) and loads them into the Data Backbone and Level 1 Database. Transmits Alerts to Alert Distribution service. Generates image quality feedback to the OCS and observers via the Telemetry Gateway. Uses crosstalk-corrected science images and associated metadata delivered by the Prompt Processing service; uses Master Calibration Images, Template Images, Level 1 Database, and Calibration Database information from the Data Backbone.

10.1.2 MOPS Payload

Executes under control of the Offline Processing service after a night's observations are complete. Generates entries in the MOPS Database and the Level 1 Database, including Solar System Object records, measurements, and orbits. Performs precovery forced photometry of transients. Uses Level 1 Database entries and images from the Data Backbone.

10.1.3 Raw Calibration Validation Payload

Executes under control of the Prompt Processing service. Generates raw calibration image quality feedback to the OCS and observers via the Telemetry Gateway. Uses crosstalk-corrected science images and associated metadata delivered by the Prompt Processing service, Master Calibration Images, and Calibration Database information from the Data Backbone.



10.1.4 Daily Calibration Products Update Payload

Executes under control of the OCS-controlled batch processing service so that its execution can be synchronized with the observing schedule. Uses raw calibration images and information from the Transformed EFD to generate a subset of Master Calibration Images and Calibration Database entries in the Data Backbone.

10.1.5 Periodic Calibration Products Production Payload

Executes under control of the Template and CPP Execution service at nominally monthly intervals but perhaps as frequently as weekly or as infrequently as quarterly, depending on the stability of Observatory systems and their calibrations. Uses raw calibration images and information from the Transformed EFD to generate a subset of Master Calibration Images and Calibration Database entries in the Data Backbone.

10.1.6 Template Generation Payload

Executes under control of the Template and CPP Execution service if necessary to generate templates for Alert Production in between annual Data Release Productions. Uses raw science images to generate the templates, placing them in the Data Backbone.

10.1.7 Annual Calibration Products Production Payload

Executes under control of the Template and CPP Execution service at annual intervals prior to the start of the Data Release Production. Uses raw calibration images, information from the Transformed EFD, information from the Auxiliary Telescope Spectrograph, and external catalogs to generate Master Calibration Images and Calibration Database entries in the Data Backbone.

10.1.8 Data Release Production Payload

Executes under control of the DRP Execution service at annual intervals, first running a "mini-DRP" over a small portion of the sky, followed by the full DRP over the entire sky. Produces science data products in the Data Backbone.



10.2 SUIT

The Science User Interface and Tools provide visualization, plotting, catalog rendering, browsing, and searching elements that can be assembled into predetermined "portals" but can also be used flexibly within dynamic "notebook" environments.

10.3 Middleware

10.3.1 Data Butler Access Client

The Data Butler provides an access abstraction for all science payloads that enables their underlying data sources and destinations to be configured at runtime with a variety of backends ranging from local disk to network locations and a variety of serializations ranging from YAML and FITS files (extensible to HDF5 or ASDF) to database tables. The Butler client is also available within the LSST Science Platform JupyterLab environment.

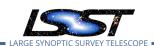
10.3.2 Parallel Distributed Database (Qserv)

Underlying the catalog data access web service is a parallel distributed database required to handle the petabyte-scale, tens-of-trillions-of-rows catalogs produced by LSST.

10.3.3 Task Framework

The Task Framework is a Python class library that provides a structure (standardized class entry points and conventions) to organize low-level algorithms into potentially-reusable algorithmic components (Tasks; e.g. dark frame subtraction, object detection, object measurement), and to organize tasks into basic pipelines (SuperTasks; e.g., process a single visit, build a coadd, difference a visit). The algorithmic code is written into (Super)Tasks by overriding classes and providing implementation for standard entry points. The Task Framework allows the pipelines to be constructed and run at the level of a single node or a group of tightly-synchronized nodes. It allows for sub-node parallelization: trivial parallelization of Task execution, as well as providing (in the future) parallelization primitives for development of multicore Tasks and synchronized multi-node Tasks.

The Task Framework serves as an interface layer between orchestration and the algorithmic



code. It exposes a standard interface to "activators" (command-line runners as well as the orchestration layer and QA systems), which use it to execute the code wrapped in tasks. The Task Framework does not concern itself with fault-tolerant massively parallel execution of the pipelines over multiple (thousands) of nodes nor any staging of data that might be required; this is the concern of the orchestration middleware.

The Task Framework exposes to the orchestration system needs and capabilities of the underlying algorithmic code (i.e., the number of cores needed, expected memory-per-core, expected need for data). It may also receive from the orchestration layer the information on how to optimally run the particular task (i.e., which level of intra-node parallelization is be desired).

It also includes a configuration API and a logging API.

11 Design and Implementation Standards

Standards have been adopted by the DM Change Control Board (CCB) that apply to all component designs within the LSST DM System. Coding standards and the like that are not pertinent to design may be found in the LSST DM Developer Guide ([1]).

11.1 Python Version

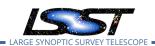
All LSST DM code will run under Python 3 by 2018-01-31. Package authors may choose to have their code backward-compatible with Python 2.7, but this is only required for Science Pipelines code that is a dependency of lsst_apps, and then only until external dependencies become Python 3-only.

Python 2.7 will be deprecated by the time LSST begins operations, and many external dependencies are in the process of moving to being Python 3-only.

11.2 HTTPS Protocol

In the absence of a specific technical justification and acceptance by the LSST Information Security Officer and DM Change Control Board, all Web-enabled user interfaces and Web

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services exposed to users and the public Internet will use the HTTPS protocol and not the HTTP protocol. To reiterate: this is only a default, and exceptions can be made when justified.

The covered interfaces include those of the three LSP Aspects (Portal, JupyterLab, and Web APIs).

The requirement to implement data access policies limiting data access to identified rights holders will require all, or nearly all, data access to be authenticated provides a strong technical justification. In addition, it appears to be appropriate "technical best practice" in the current Internet environment, in the absence of good reasons to do otherwise.

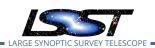


12 Appendix: Traceability

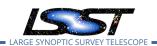
12.1 Requirement to Component Traceability

Note that DMS-REQ-0006 has no components; this requirement is in the process of being dropped.

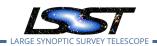
Requirement	Components	
DMS-REQ-0059 Bad Pixel Map	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0060 Bias Residual Image	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0061 Crosstalk Correction Matrix	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0062 Illumination Correction	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
Frame	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0063 Monochromatic Flatfield	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
Data Cube	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0130 Calibration Data Products	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0132 Calibration Image Prove-	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
nance	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
¥	tion	
DMS-REQ-0282 Dark Current Correction	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
Frame	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0283 Fringe Correction Frame	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,	
	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-	
	tion	
DMS-REQ-0018 Raw Science Image Data Acquisition	Image and EFD Archiving	



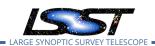
Requirement	Components
DMS-REQ-0020 Wavefront Sensor Data Ac-	Image and EFD Archiving
quisition	
DMS-REQ-0022 Crosstalk Corrected Science	Prompt Processing
Image Data Acquisition	
DMS-REQ-0024 Raw Image Assembly	Image and EFD Archiving
DMS-REQ-0068 Raw Science Image Metadata	Image and EFD Archiving
DMS-REQ-0265 Guider Calibration Data Ac-	Image and EFD Archiving, OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Prod-
quisition	ucts Production Execution, Annual Calibration, Daily Calibra-
	tion Update, Periodic Calibration
DMS-REQ-0326 Storing Approximations of	Data Release Production
Per-pixel Metadata	
DMS-REQ-0331 Computing Derived Quanti-	LSP Web APIs, Data Release Production
ties	
DMS-REQ-0332 Denormalizing Database Ta-	LSP Web APIs
bles	
DMS-REQ-0333 Maximum Likelihood Values	Data Access Client, Alert Production, Data Release Production
and Covariances	
DMS-REQ-0346 Data Availability	Image and EFD Archiving, OCS Driven Batch, Offline Process-
	ing, Prompt Processing, Calibration Products Production Exe-
	cution, Data Release Production Execution
DMS-REQ-0347 Measurements in catalogs	Data Access Client, LSP Web APIs, Alert Production, Data Re-
	lease Production
DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Offline Processing, Prompt
Within 24 hrs	Processing, Alert Production, MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0010 Difference Exposures	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0074 Difference Exposure At-	Alert Production
tributes	
DMS-REQ-0069 Processed Visit Images	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0029 Generate Photometric Zero-	Alert Production
point for Visit Image	
DMS-REQ-0030 Generate WCS for Visit Im-	Alert Production
ages	
DMS-REQ-0070 Generate PSF for Visit Images	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0072 Processed Visit Image Con-	Alert Production
tent	
DMS-REQ-0327 Background Model Calcula-	Alert Production
tion	
DMS-REQ-0328 Documenting Image Charac-	Alert Production
terization	



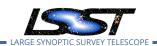
Requirement	Components
//S-REQ-0097 Level 1 Data Quality Report QC System, Alert Production	
Definition	
DMS-REQ-0099 Level 1 Performance Report	Prompt Processing, QC System
Definition	
DMS-REQ-0101 Level 1 Calibration Report	OCS Driven Batch, Daily Calibration Update, Raw Calibration
Definition	
DMS-REQ-0266 Exposure Catalog	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0269 DIASource Catalog	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0270 Faint DIASource Measure-	Alert Production
ments	
DMS-REQ-0271 DIAObject Catalog	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0272 DIAObject Attributes	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0273 SSObject Catalog	MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0274 Alert Content	Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0317 DIAForcedSource Catalog	Alert Production, MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0319 Characterizing Variability	Alert Production, MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0323 Calculating SSObject Parame-	LSP Web APIs
ters	
DMS-REQ-0324 Matching DIASources to Ob-	LSP Web APIs, Alert Production
jects	
DMS-REQ-0325 Regenerating L1 Data Prod-	Data Release Production
ucts During Data Release Processing	
DMS-REQ-0034 Associate Sources to Objects	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0047 Provide PSF for Coadded Im-	Data Release Production
ages	
DMS-REQ-0103 Produce Images for EPO	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0106 Coadded Image Provenance	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0267 Source Catalog	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0268 Forced-Source Catalog	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0275 Object Catalog	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0046 Provide Photometric Red-	Data Release Production
shifts of Galaxies	
DMS-REQ-0276 Object Characterization	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0277 Coadd Source Catalog	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0349 Detecting extended low sur-	Data Release Production
face brightness objects	
DMS-REQ-0278 Coadd Image Method Con-	Data Release Production
straints	



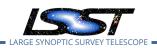
Requirement	Components
DMS-REQ-0279 Deep Detection Coadds	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0280 Template Coadds	Data Release Production, Template Generation
DMS-REQ-0281 Multi-band Coadds	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0329 All-Sky Visualization of Data	Data Release Production
Releases	
DMS-REQ-0330 Best Seeing Coadds	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0334 Persisting Data Products	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0335 PSF-Matched Coadds	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0336 Regenerating Data Products from Previous Data Releases	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0337 Detecting faint variable objects	Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0338 Targeted Coadds	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Releases	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0320 Processing of Data From Special Programs	Task Execution Framework, Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0321 Level 1 Processing of Special	Offline Processing, Prompt Processing, Alert Production,
Programs Data	MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0322 Special Programs Database	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special	Offline Processing, Prompt Processing, Data Backbone, LSP
Program Products Generation	Web APIs, Alert Production, MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0185 Archive Center	Bulk Distribution, Data Backbone, ITC Environments
DMS-REQ-0186 Archive Center Disaster Recovery	Bulk Distribution, Data Backbone, ITC Environments
DMS-REQ-0187 Archive Center Co-Location with Existing Facility	ITC Environments
DMS-REQ-0188 Archive to Data Access Center Network	Networks
DMS-REQ-0189 Archive to Data Access Center Network Availability	Networks
DMS-REQ-0190 Archive to Data Access Center	Networks
Network Reliability	
DMS-REQ-0191 Archive to Data Access Center	Networks
Network Secondary Link	
DMS-REQ-0176 Base Facility Infrastructure	Data Backbone, ITC Environments
DMS-REQ-0177 Base Facility Temporary Stor-	Data Backbone
age	



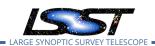
Requirement	Components
DMS-REQ-0178 Base Facility Co-Location with	ITC Environments
Existing Facility	
DMS-REQ-0316 Commissioning Cluster	ITC Environments
DMS-REQ-0180 Base to Archive Network	Networks
DMS-REQ-0181 Base to Archive Network Availability	Networks
DMS-REQ-0182 Base to Archive Network Reliability	Networks
DMS-REQ-0183 Base to Archive Network Secondary Link	Networks
DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Image and EFD Archiving, OCS Driven Batch, Offline Processing, Prompt Processing, Telemetry Gateway, Calibration Products Production Execution, Data Release Production Execution, Data Backbone, ITC Environments, Networks
DMS-REQ-0161 Optimization of Cost, Reliabil-	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Data Backbone, ITC Environ-
ity and Availability in Order	ments, Networks, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal
DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Image and EFD Archiving, OCS Driven Batch, Offline Processing, Prompt Processing, Data Backbone, ITC Environments, Networks
DMS-REQ-0163 Re-processing Capacity	Calibration Products Production Execution, Data Release Production Execution, Data Backbone, ITC Environments, Networks
DMS-REQ-0164 Temporary Storage for Communications Links	Data Backbone
DMS-REQ-0165 Infrastructure Sizing for "catching up"	Image and EFD Archiving, Offline Processing, Data Backbone, ITC Environments, Networks
DMS-REQ-0166 Incorporate Fault-Tolerance	Data Backbone
DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Image and EFD Archiving, OCS Driven Batch, Offline Processing, Prompt Processing, Calibration Products Production Execution, Data Release Production Execution, Data Backbone, ITC Environments, Networks
DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Image and EFD Archiving, OCS Driven Batch, Offline Processing, Prompt Processing, Telemetry Gateway, Calibration Products Production Execution, Data Release Production Execution, Bulk Distribution, Proposal Manager, Developer Services, Integration and Test, Data Backbone, Identity Manager, ITC Environments, Networks, Data Access Client, Task Execution Framework, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal, QC System



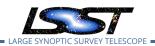
Requirement	Components
DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unsched-	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Image and EFD Archiving,
uled Downtime	OCS Driven Batch, Offline Processing, Prompt Processing,
	Telemetry Gateway, Calibration Products Production Execu-
	tion, Data Release Production Execution, Bulk Distribution,
	Proposal Manager, Data Backbone, Identity Manager, ITC Envi-
	ronments, Networks, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal,
	QC System
DMS-REQ-0122 Access to catalogs for exter-	Bulk Distribution, Data Backbone
nal Level 3 processing	
DMS-REQ-0123 Access to input catalogs for	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal
DAC-based Level 3 processing	
DMS-REQ-0124 Federation with external cat-	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal
alogs	
DMS-REQ-0126 Access to images for external	Bulk Distribution, Data Backbone
Level 3 processing	
DMS-REQ-0127 Access to input images for	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal
DAC-based Level 3 processing	
DMS-REQ-0193 Data Access Centers	Bulk Distribution, Data Backbone, ITC Environments, Net-
	works, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal
DMS-REQ-0194 Data Access Center Simulta-	Networks, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal
neous Connections	
DMS-REQ-0196 Data Access Center Geo-	ITC Environments
graphical Distribution	
DMS-REQ-0197 No Limit on Data Access Cen-	Data Backbone, Identity Manager, ITC Environments, Net-
ters	works, LSP Web APIs, LSP JupyterLab, LSP Portal
DMS-REQ-0075 Catalog Queries	LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0077 Maintain Archive Publicly Ac-	Data Backbone
cessible	
DMS-REQ-0078 Catalog Export Formats	LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0094 Keep Historical Alert Archive	Data Backbone
DMS-REQ-0102 Provide Engineering and Fa-	Image and EFD Archiving, Data Backbone
cility Database Archive	
DMS-REQ-0309 Raw Data Archiving Reliability	Image and EFD Archiving, Data Backbone
DMS-REQ-0310 Un-Archived Data Product	Data Backbone
Cache	
DMS-REQ-0311 Regenerate Un-archived Data	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
Products	
DMS-REQ-0312 Level 1 Data Product Access	Prompt Processing, Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, Alert Pro-
	duction



Requirement	Components
DMS-REQ-0313 Level 1 and 2 Catalog Access	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0341 Providing a Precovery Service	Offline Processing, LSP Portal, MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0345 Logging of catalog queries	LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0168 Summit Facility Data Commu-	Networks
nications	
DMS-REQ-0170 Prefer Computing and Stor-	ITC Environments
age Down	
DMS-REQ-0315 DMS Communication with	Image and EFD Archiving, OCS Driven Batch, Prompt Process-
OCS	ing, Telemetry Gateway
DMS-REQ-0171 Summit to Base Network	Networks
DMS-REQ-0172 Summit to Base Network	Networks
Availability	
DMS-REQ-0173 Summit to Base Network Re-	Networks
liability	
DMS-REQ-0174 Summit to Base Network Sec-	Networks
ondary Link	
DMS-REQ-0175 Summit to Base Network	Networks
Ownership and Operation	
DMS-REQ-0002 Transient Alert Distribution	Alert Distribution, Alert Filtering, Prompt Processing, Alert Pro-
	duction
DMS-REQ-0089 Solar System Objects Avail-	Offline Processing, Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, MOPS and
able Within Specified Time	Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0096 Generate Data Quality Report	QC System
Within Specified Time	
DMS-REQ-0098 Generate DMS Performance	QC System
Report Within Specified Time	
DMS-REQ-0100 Generate Calibration Report	QC System, Daily Calibration Update
Within Specified Time	
DMS-REQ-0131 Calibration Images Available	OCS Driven Batch, Prompt Processing, Daily Calibration Up-
Within Specified Time	date, Raw Calibration
DMS-REQ-0284 Level-1 Production Complete-	
ness	Image and EFD Archiving, Offline Processing, Prompt Process-
	Image and EFD Archiving, Offline Processing, Prompt Processing
DMS-REQ-0285 Level 1 Source Association	
DMS-REQ-0285 Level 1 Source Association DMS-REQ-0286 SSObject Precovery	ing
	ing Alert Production
DMS-REQ-0286 SSObject Precovery	ing Alert Production MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0286 SSObject Precovery DMS-REQ-0287 DIASource Precovery	ing Alert Production MOPS and Forced Photometry Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0286 SSObject Precovery DMS-REQ-0287 DIASource Precovery DMS-REQ-0288 Use of External Orbit Cata-	ing Alert Production MOPS and Forced Photometry Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, MOPS and Forced Photometry
DMS-REQ-0286 SSObject Precovery DMS-REQ-0287 DIASource Precovery DMS-REQ-0288 Use of External Orbit Catalogs	ing Alert Production MOPS and Forced Photometry Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs, MOPS and Forced Photometry Alert Production, MOPS and Forced Photometry



Requirement	Components
DMS-REQ-0348 Pre-defined alert filters	Alert Filtering
DMS-REQ-0289 Calibration Production Pro-	OCS Driven Batch, Calibration Products Production Execution,
cessing	Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update, Periodic Calibra-
	tion
DMS-REQ-0006 Timely Publication of Level 2	
Data Releases	
DMS-REQ-0350 Associating Objects across	Data Backbone, Data Release Production
data releases	
DMS-REQ-0291 Query Repeatibility	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0292 Uniqueness of IDs Across	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
Data Releases	
DMS-REQ-0293 Selection of Datasets	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0294 Processing of Datasets	OCS Driven Batch, Offline Processing, Prompt Processing, Cal-
	ibration Products Production Execution, Data Release Produc-
	tion Execution, Data Backbone
DMS-REQ-0295 Transparent Data Access	LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0119 DAC resource allocation for	Bulk Distribution, Proposal Manager, LSP Web APIs, LSP
Level 3 processing	JupyterLab, LSP Portal
DMS-REQ-0120 Level 3 Data Product Self	Data Backbone, Workload+Workflow, LSP Web APIs
Consistency	
DMS-REQ-0121 Provenance for Level 3 pro-	Data Backbone, Workload+Workflow, Data Access Client, Task
cessing at DACs	Execution Framework, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0125 Software framework for Level	Data Backbone, Workload+Workflow, Data Access Client, Task
3 catalog processing	Execution Framework, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0128 Software framework for Level	Data Backbone, Workload+Workflow, Data Access Client, Task
3 image processing	Execution Framework, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0290 Level 3 Data Import	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs
DMS-REQ-0340 Access Controls of Level 3	Data Backbone, Identity Manager
Data Products	
DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data	Alert Production, Annual Calibration, Daily Calibration Update,
	Data Release Production, MOPS and Forced Photometry, Peri-
	odic Calibration, Raw Calibration, Template Generation
DMS-REQ-0032 Image Differencing	Science Algorithms, Alert Production, Data Release Production
DMS-REQ-0033 Provide Source Detection	Science Algorithms, Alert Production, Data Release Production
Software	
DMS-REQ-0042 Provide Astrometric Model	Science Algorithms, Alert Production, Data Release Produc-
	tion, Science Primitives
DMS-REQ-0043 Provide Calibrated Photome-	Science Algorithms, Alert Production, Data Release Produc-
try	tion, Science Primitives

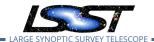


Requirement	Components	
DMS-REQ-0052 Enable a Range of Shape	Science Algorithms, Alert Production, Data Release Produc-	
Measurement Approaches	tion, Science Primitives	
DMS-REQ-0160 Provide User Interface Ser-	LSP Portal	
vices		
DMS-REQ-0296 Pre-cursor, and Real Data	Data Backbone, Data Access Client, Science Algorithms	
DMS-REQ-0351 Provide Beam Projector Coor-	Science Primitives	
dinate Calculation Software		
DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to En-	Science Algorithms, Alert Production, Annual Calibration, Daily	
able Community Re-Use	Calibration Update, Data Release Production, MOPS and	
	Forced Photometry, Periodic Calibration, Raw Calibration,	
	Template Generation	
DMS-REQ-0065 Provide Image Access Ser-	LSP Web APIs	
vices		
DMS-REQ-0155 Provide Data Access Services	LSP Web APIs	
DMS-REQ-0298 Data Product and Raw Data	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs	
Access		
DMS-REQ-0299 Data Product Ingest	Data Backbone, LSP Web APIs	
DMS-REQ-0300 Bulk Download Service	Bulk Distribution, Data Backbone	
DMS-REQ-0156 Provide Pipeline Execution	Workload+Workflow	
Services		
DMS-REQ-0302 Production Orchestration	Workload+Workflow	
DMS-REQ-0303 Production Monitoring	Workload+Workflow	
DMS-REQ-0304 Production Fault Tolerance	Workload+Workflow, Task Execution Framework	
DMS-REQ-0158 Provide Pipeline Construction	Task Execution Framework	
Services		
DMS-REQ-0305 Task Specification	Task Execution Framework	
DMS-REQ-0306 Task Configuration	Task Execution Framework	
DMS-REQ-0297 DMS Initialization Compo-	ITC Environments	
nent		
DMS-REQ-0301 Control of Level-1 Production	Prompt Processing	

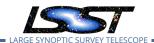
12.2 Component to Requirement Traceability

Note that only "leaf" components are traced to requirements.

Component	Requirements
Data Management	



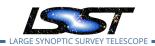
Component	Requirements
Level 1 System	
Alert Distribution	DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 hrs
	DMS-REQ-0004 Highly Bata Accessible Within 24 his DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	DMS-REQ-0000 Fipeline Availability DMS-REQ-0161 Optimization of Cost, Reliability and Availability in Order
	DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput
	DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Hatergraphity
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unschaduled Doubtime
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime DMS-REQ-0003 Transient Most Distribution
	DMS-REQ-0002 Transient Alert Distribution DMS-REQ-00243 Performance Pagniformants for LSST Alert Filtering Services
	DMS-REQ-0343 Performance Requirements for LSST Alert Filtering Ser .
	vice
Alert Filtering	
Ü	DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 hrs
	DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	 DMS-REQ-0161 Optimization of Cost, Reliability and Availability in Order
	DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput
	DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
	 DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	 DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	 DMS-REQ-0002 Transient Alert Distribution
	 DMS-REQ-0342 Alert Filtering Service
	DMS-REQ-0343 Performance Requirements for LSST Alert Filtering Ser
	vice
	DMS-REQ-0348 Pre-defined alert filters
Image and EFD Archiving	DMS-REQ-0018 Raw Science Image Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0020 Wavefront Sensor Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0024 Raw Image Assembly
	DMS-REQ-0068 Raw Science Image Metadata
	DMS-REQ-0265 Guider Calibration Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0346 Data Availability
	DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput
	DMS-REQ-0165 Infrastructure Sizing for "catching up"
	DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0102 Provide Engineering and Facility Database Archive
	DMS-REQ-0309 Raw Data Archiving Reliability
	DMS-REQ-0315 DMS Communication with OCS
	DMS-REQ-0313 DMS Communication with OCS DMS-REQ-0284 Level-1 Production Completeness
	DIND REQ-0204 ECVERT Froduction Completeness



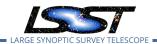
Component
OCS Driven Batch

Requirements

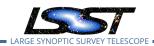
- DMS-REQ-0059 Bad Pixel Map
- DMS-REQ-0060 Bias Residual Image
- DMS-REQ-0061 Crosstalk Correction Matrix
- DMS-REQ-0062 Illumination Correction Frame
- DMS-REQ-0063 Monochromatic Flatfield Data Cube
- DMS-REQ-0130 Calibration Data Products
- DMS-REQ-0132 Calibration Image Provenance
- DMS-REQ-0282 Dark Current Correction Frame
- DMS-REQ-0283 Fringe Correction Frame
- DMS-REQ-0265 Guider Calibration Data Acquisition
- DMS-REQ-0346 Data Availability
- DMS-REQ-0101 Level 1 Calibration Report Definition
- DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
- DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput
- DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
- DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
- DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
- DMS-REQ-0315 DMS Communication with OCS
- DMS-REQ-0131 Calibration Images Available Within Specified Time
- DMS-REQ-0289 Calibration Production Processing
- DMS-REQ-0294 Processing of Datasets



Component	Requirements
Offline Processing	DMS-REQ-0346 Data Availability
	DMS-REQ-0094 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 hrs
	DMS-REQ-0304 Highly Data Accessible Within 24 his DMS-REQ-0321 Level 1 Processing of Special Programs Data
	DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Gener-
	ation
	DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput
	DMS-REQ-0165 Infrastructure Sizing for "catching up"
	DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0341 Providing a Precovery Service
	DMS-REQ-0089 Solar System Objects Available Within Specified Time
	DMS-REQ-0284 Level-1 Production Completeness
	DMS-REQ-0294 Processing of Datasets
Prompt Processing	DMS-REQ-0022 Crosstalk Corrected Science Image Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0346 Data Availability
	DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 hrs
	DMS-REQ-0099 Level 1 Performance Report Definition
	DMS-REQ-0321 Level 1 Processing of Special Programs Data
	• DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Gener-
	ation
	DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput
	DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
	 DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	 DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0312 Level 1 Data Product Access
	 DMS-REQ-0315 DMS Communication with OCS
	DMS-REQ-0002 Transient Alert Distribution
	 DMS-REQ-0131 Calibration Images Available Within Specified Time
	DMS-REQ-0284 Level-1 Production Completeness
	DMS-REQ-0294 Processing of Datasets
	DMS-REQ-0301 Control of Level-1 Production



Component	Requirements
Telemetry Gateway	DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0315 DMS Communication with OCS
	2
Level 2 System	
Calibration Products Production Execution	DMS-REQ-0059 Bad Pixel Map
	DMS-REQ-0060 Bias Residual Image
	DMS-REQ-0061 Crosstalk Correction Matrix
	DMS-REQ-0062 Illumination Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0063 Monochromatic Flatfield Data Cube
	DMS-REQ-0130 Calibration Data Products
	DMS-REQ-0132 Calibration Image Provenance
	DMS-REQ-0282 Dark Current Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0283 Fringe Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0265 Guider Calibration Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0346 Data Availability
	DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	DMS-REQ-0163 Re-processing Capacity
	DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unschooluled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime DMS-REQ-0320 Calibration Production Processing
	DMS-REQ-0289 Calibration Production Processing DMS-REQ-0204 Processing of Datasets
	 DMS-REQ-0294 Processing of Datasets



Component	Requirements
Data Release Production Execution	DMS-REQ-0346 Data Availability
	DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
	DMS-REQ-0163 Re-processing Capacity
	DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0294 Processing of Datasets
Data Access Center	
Bulk Distribution	DMS-REQ-0185 Archive Center
	DMS-REQ-0186 Archive Center Disaster Recovery
	DMS-REQ-0100 Archive Center Disaster Recovery DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0122 Access to catalogs for external Level 3 processing DMS-REQ-0126 Access to images for external Level 3 processing.
	DMS-REQ-0126 Access to images for external Level 3 processing DMS-REQ-0103 Data Access Contagn
	DMS-REQ-0193 Data Access Centers DMS-REQ-0110 DAG recovers allegation for Level 3 processing.
	DMS-REQ-0119 DAC resource allocation for Level 3 processing
	DMS-REQ-0300 Bulk Download Service
Proposal Manager	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0119 DAC resource allocation for Level 3 processing
Analysis and Developer Services	
Developer Services	
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
Integration and Test	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
Infrastructure	
Data Backbone	DMS-REQ-0334 Persisting Data Products
	DMS-REQ-0336 Regenerating Data Products from Previous Data Release
	DMS-RFO-0338 Targeted Coadds
	 DMS-REQ-0338 Targeted Coadds DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Report Section Changes Between Changes Between Data Report Section Changes Between Changes Between Data Report Section Changes Between Changes
	DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Report Control of the Control o
	 DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Releases
	 DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Releases DMS-REQ-0322 Special Programs Database
	 DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Releases DMS-REQ-0322 Special Programs Database
	 DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Releases DMS-REQ-0322 Special Programs Database DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Gene
	 DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Releases DMS-REQ-0322 Special Programs Database DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Geneation
	 DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Releases DMS-REQ-0322 Special Programs Database DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Geneation DMS-REQ-0185 Archive Center

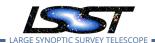


Component

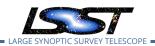
Requirements

Data Backbone (continued)

- · DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability
- DMS-REQ-0161 Optimization of Cost, Reliability and Availability in Order
- DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput
- DMS-REQ-0163 Re-processing Capacity
- DMS-REQ-0164 Temporary Storage for Communications Links
- DMS-REQ-0165 Infrastructure Sizing for "catching up"
- DMS-REQ-0166 Incorporate Fault-Tolerance
- DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics
- DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
- DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
- DMS-REQ-0122 Access to catalogs for external Level 3 processing
- DMS-REQ-0123 Access to input catalogs for DAC-based Level 3 processing
- DMS-REQ-0124 Federation with external catalogs
- DMS-REQ-0126 Access to images for external Level 3 processing
- DMS-REQ-0127 Access to input images for DAC-based Level 3 processing
- DMS-REQ-0193 Data Access Centers
- DMS-REQ-0197 No Limit on Data Access Centers
- DMS-REQ-0077 Maintain Archive Publicly Accessible
- DMS-REQ-0094 Keep Historical Alert Archive
- DMS-REQ-0102 Provide Engineering and Facility Database Archive
- DMS-REQ-0309 Raw Data Archiving Reliability
- DMS-REQ-0310 Un-Archived Data Product Cache
- DMS-REQ-0311 Regenerate Un-archived Data Products
- DMS-REQ-0312 Level 1 Data Product Access
- DMS-REQ-0313 Level 1 and 2 Catalog Access
- DMS-REQ-0089 Solar System Objects Available Within Specified Time
- DMS-REQ-0287 DIASource Precovery
- DMS-REQ-0350 Associating Objects across data releases
- DMS-REQ-0291 Query Repeatibility
- DMS-REQ-0292 Uniqueness of IDs Across Data Releases
- DMS-REQ-0293 Selection of Datasets
- DMS-REQ-0294 Processing of Datasets
- DMS-REQ-0120 Level 3 Data Product Self Consistency
- DMS-REQ-0121 Provenance for Level 3 processing at DACs
- DMS-REQ-0125 Software framework for Level 3 catalog processing
- DMS-REQ-0128 Software framework for Level 3 image processing
- DMS-REQ-0290 Level 3 Data Import
- DMS-REQ-0340 Access Controls of Level 3 Data Products
- DMS-REQ-0296 Pre-cursor, and Real Data
- DMS-REQ-0298 Data Product and Raw Data Access



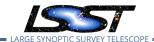
ata Product Ingest ulk Download Service
ulk Download Service
1.6
ompute Platform Heterogeneity
ata Management Unscheduled Downtime
o Limit on Data Access Centers
ccess Controls of Level 3 Data Products
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ptimization of Cost, Reliability and Availability in Order ipeline Throughput
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ata Management Unscheduled Downtime
ata Access Centers
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MS Initialization Component



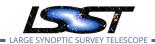
Component Requirements Networks • DMS-REQ-0188 Archive to Data Access Center Network DMS-REQ-0189 Archive to Data Access Center Network Availability • DMS-REQ-0190 Archive to Data Access Center Network Reliability • DMS-REQ-0191 Archive to Data Access Center Network Secondary Link • DMS-REQ-0180 Base to Archive Network DMS-REQ-0181 Base to Archive Network Availability • DMS-REQ-0182 Base to Archive Network Reliability • DMS-REQ-0183 Base to Archive Network Secondary Link • DMS-REQ-0008 Pipeline Availability • DMS-REQ-0161 Optimization of Cost, Reliability and Availability in Order · DMS-REQ-0162 Pipeline Throughput • DMS-REQ-0163 Re-processing Capacity • DMS-REQ-0165 Infrastructure Sizing for "catching up" • DMS-REQ-0167 Incorporate Autonomics • DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime • DMS-REQ-0193 Data Access Centers DMS-REQ-0194 Data Access Center Simultaneous Connections • DMS-REQ-0197 No Limit on Data Access Centers • DMS-REQ-0168 Summit Facility Data Communications • DMS-REQ-0171 Summit to Base Network DMS-REQ-0172 Summit to Base Network Availability DMS-REQ-0173 Summit to Base Network Reliability

• DMS-REQ-0174 Summit to Base Network Secondary Link

• DMS-REQ-0175 Summit to Base Network Ownership and Operation



Component	Requirements
Workload+Workflow	DMS-REQ-0120 Level 3 Data Product Self Consistency
	DMS-REQ-0121 Provenance for Level 3 processing at DACs
	DMS-REQ-0125 Software framework for Level 3 catalog processing
	DMS-REQ-0128 Software framework for Level 3 image processing
	DMS-REQ-0156 Provide Pipeline Execution Services
	DMS-REQ-0302 Production Orchestration
	DMS-REQ-0303 Production Monitoring
	DMS-REQ-0304 Production Fault Tolerance
	56
Data Access Client	- DMS DEO 0222 Maximum Likelihaad Values and Coveriances
	DMS-REQ-0333 Maximum Likelihood Values and Covariances DMS-REQ-0347 Maximum Likelihood Values and Covariances
	DMS-REQ-0347 Measurements in catalogs DMS-REQ-0344 Garage to Platform Hatter and site.
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0121 Provenance for Level 3 processing at DACs
	DMS-REQ-0125 Software framework for Level 3 catalog processing
	 DMS-REQ-0128 Software framework for Level 3 image processing
	DMS-REQ-0296 Pre-cursor, and Real Data
Task Execution Framework	
Task Execution Framework	 DMS-REQ-0320 Processing of Data From Special Programs
	 DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	 DMS-REQ-0121 Provenance for Level 3 processing at DACs
	 DMS-REQ-0125 Software framework for Level 3 catalog processing
	DMS-REQ-0128 Software framework for Level 3 image processing
	DMS-REQ-0304 Production Fault Tolerance
	DMS-REQ-0158 Provide Pipeline Construction Services
	DMS-REQ-0305 Task Specification
	DMS-REQ-0306 Task Configuration
Science Platform	
LSP Web APIs	DMS-REQ-0331 Computing Derived Quantities
	DMS-REQ-0332 Denormalizing Database Tables
	DMS-REQ-0347 Measurements in catalogs
	DMS-REQ-0323 Calculating SSObject Parameters
	DMS-REQ-0324 Matching DIASources to Objects
	DMS-REQ-0334 Persisting Data Products
	DMS-REQ-0336 Regenerating Data Products from Previous Data Releases
	DMS-REQ-0338 Targeted Coadds
	DMS-REQ-0339 Tracking Characterization Changes Between Data Re-
	leases
	 DMS-REQ-0322 Special Programs Database
	DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Gener
	ation

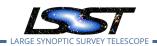


Component

Requirements

LSP Web APIs (continued)

- DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
- DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
- DMS-REQ-0123 Access to input catalogs for DAC-based Level 3 processing
- DMS-REQ-0124 Federation with external catalogs
- DMS-REQ-0127 Access to input images for DAC-based Level 3 processing
- DMS-REQ-0193 Data Access Centers
- DMS-REQ-0197 No Limit on Data Access Centers
- DMS-REQ-0075 Catalog Queries
- DMS-REQ-0078 Catalog Export Formats
- DMS-REQ-0311 Regenerate Un-archived Data Products
- DMS-REQ-0312 Level 1 Data Product Access
- DMS-REQ-0313 Level 1 and 2 Catalog Access
- DMS-REQ-0345 Logging of catalog queries
- DMS-REQ-0089 Solar System Objects Available Within Specified Time
- DMS-REQ-0287 DIASource Precovery
- DMS-REQ-0291 Query Repeatibility
- DMS-REQ-0292 Uniqueness of IDs Across Data Releases
- DMS-REQ-0293 Selection of Datasets
- DMS-REQ-0295 Transparent Data Access
- DMS-REQ-0119 DAC resource allocation for Level 3 processing
- DMS-REQ-0120 Level 3 Data Product Self Consistency
- DMS-REQ-0121 Provenance for Level 3 processing at DACs
- DMS-REQ-0125 Software framework for Level 3 catalog processing
- DMS-REQ-0128 Software framework for Level 3 image processing
- DMS-REQ-0290 Level 3 Data Import
- DMS-REQ-0065 Provide Image Access Services
- DMS-REQ-0155 Provide Data Access Services
- DMS-REQ-0298 Data Product and Raw Data Access
- DMS-REQ-0299 Data Product Ingest



Component	Requirements
LSP JupyterLab	
LSI Jupyter Lub	 DMS-REQ-0161 Optimization of Cost, Reliability and Availability in Order
	 DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	 DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	 DMS-REQ-0123 Access to input catalogs for DAC-based Level 3 process-
	ing
	 DMS-REQ-0124 Federation with external catalogs
	 DMS-REQ-0127 Access to input images for DAC-based Level 3 processing
	DMS-REQ-0193 Data Access Centers
	 DMS-REQ-0194 Data Access Center Simultaneous Connections
	DMS-REQ-0197 No Limit on Data Access Centers
	 DMS-REQ-0119 DAC resource allocation for Level 3 processing
LSP Portal	- DMC DEC 0161 Optimization of Cost Poliability and Availability in Order
	DMS-REQ-0161 Optimization of Cost, Reliability and Availability in Order DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Listerageneity
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unserbadiulad Deputitions
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime DMS-REQ-0123 Assess to input satisfage for DAC based Level 3 process.
	• DMS-REQ-0123 Access to input catalogs for DAC-based Level 3 process-
	ing
	DMS-REQ-0124 Federation with external catalogs DMS-REQ-0127 Assess to insult insults for DAS beautiful and 2 managing.
	• DMS-REQ-0127 Access to input images for DAC-based Level 3 processing
	DMS-REQ-0193 Data Access Centers
	DMS-REQ-0194 Data Access Center Simultaneous Connections
	DMS-REQ-0197 No Limit on Data Access Centers
	DMS-REQ-0341 Providing a Precovery Service
	DMS-REQ-0119 DAC resource allocation for Level 3 processing
	DMS-REQ-0160 Provide User Interface Services

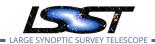


Component	Requirements
QC System	DMS-REQ-0097 Level 1 Data Quality Report Definition
	DMS-REQ-0099 Level 1 Performance Report Definition
	DMS-REQ-0314 Compute Platform Heterogeneity
	DMS-REQ-0318 Data Management Unscheduled Downtime
	DMS-REQ-0096 Generate Data Quality Report Within Specified Time
	DMS-REQ-0098 Generate DMS Performance Report Within Specified
	Time
	DMS-REQ-0100 Generate Calibration Report Within Specified Time
Science Algorithms	
90.01.007.1001.11.10	DMS-REQ-0032 Image Differencing
	DMS-REQ-0033 Provide Source Detection Software
	DMS-REQ-0042 Provide Astrometric Model
	DMS-REQ-0043 Provide Calibrated Photometry
	 DMS-REQ-0052 Enable a Range of Shape Measurement Approaches
	DMS-REQ-0296 Pre-cursor, and Real Data
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use
Science Payloads	
Alert Production	DMS-REQ-0333 Maximum Likelihood Values and Covariances
	DMS-REQ-0347 Measurements in catalogs
	DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 hrs
	DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 his DMS-REQ-0010 Difference Exposures
	DMS-REQ-0074 Difference Exposure Attributes
	DMS-REQ-0069 Processed Visit Images
	DMS-REQ-0009 Frocessed visit images DMS-REQ-0029 Generate Photometric Zeropoint for Visit Image
	DMS-REQ-0030 Generate WCS for Visit Images DMS-REQ-0070 Congrete RSE for Visit Images
	DMS-REQ-0070 Generate PSF for Visit Images DMS-REQ-0073 Presented Visit Images Contents
	DMS-REQ-0072 Processed Visit Image Content DMS-REQ-0072 Processed Visit Image Content
	DMS-REQ-0327 Background Model Calculation DMS REQ-0328 Background in a large section in the section in
	DMS-REQ-0328 Documenting Image Characterization DMS-REQ-0327 Land British Report P. Strike
	DMS-REQ-0097 Level 1 Data Quality Report Definition DMS-REQ-0096 F
	DMS-REQ-0266 Exposure Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0269 DIASource Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0270 Faint DIASource Measurements
	DMS-REQ-0271 DIAObject Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0272 DIAObject Attributes
	DMS-REQ-0274 Alert Content
	DMS-REQ-0317 DIAForcedSource Catalog
	 DMS-REQ-0319 Characterizing Variability
	 DMS-REQ-0324 Matching DIASources to Objects
	 DMS-REQ-0321 Level 1 Processing of Special Programs Data



Component	Requirements
Alert Production (continued)	DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Generation
	DMS-REQ-0312 Level 1 Data Product Access
	DMS-REQ-0002 Transient Alert Distribution
	DMS-REQ-0285 Level 1 Source Association
	DMS-REQ-0288 Use of External Orbit Catalogs
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data
	DMS-REQ-0032 Image Differencing
	DMS-REQ-0033 Provide Source Detection Software
	DMS-REQ-0042 Provide Astrometric Model
	DMS-REQ-0043 Provide Calibrated Photometry
	 DMS-REQ-0052 Enable a Range of Shape Measurement Approaches
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use
Annual Calibration	DMS-REQ-0059 Bad Pixel Map
	DMS-REQ-0060 Bias Residual Image
	DMS-REQ-0061 Crosstalk Correction Matrix
	DMS-REQ-0062 Illumination Correction Frame
	 DMS-REQ-0063 Monochromatic Flatfield Data Cube
	DMS-REQ-0130 Calibration Data Products
	 DMS-REQ-0132 Calibration Image Provenance
	DMS-REQ-0282 Dark Current Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0283 Fringe Correction Frame
	 DMS-REQ-0265 Guider Calibration Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0289 Calibration Production Processing
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use

Component	Requirements
Daily Calibration Update	·
	DMS-REQ-0059 Bad Pixel Map DMS REQ-0060 Rips Residual Image
	 DMS-REQ-0060 Bias Residual Image DMS-REQ-0061 Crosstalk Correction Matrix
	DMS-REQ-0061 Closstaik Correction Matrix DMS-REQ-0062 Illumination Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0062 illumination Correction Frame DMS-REQ-0063 Monochromatic Flatfield Data Cube
	DMS-REQ-0003 Monochromatic Flatheld Data Cube DMS-REQ-0130 Calibration Data Products
	·
	 DMS-REQ-0132 Calibration Image Provenance DMS-REQ-0282 Dark Current Correction Frame
	·
	DMS-REQ-0283 Fringe Correction Frame DMS-REQ-0265 Cuider Calibration Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0265 Guider Calibration Data Acquisition DMS REQ-0101 Level 1 Calibration Report Polinition
	DMS-REQ-0101 Level 1 Calibration Report Definition DMS DEC 0100 Caparete Calibration Report Within Specified Times
	DMS-REQ-0100 Generate Calibration Report Within Specified Time DMS-REQ-0131 Calibration Images Available Within Specified Time
	DMS-REQ-0131 Calibration Images Available Within Specified Time DMS-REQ-0320 Calibration Production Processing
	DMS-REQ-0289 Calibration Production Processing DMS-REQ-0000 Simulated Data
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data DMS DEC 0300 Seftware Applifection to Enable Community Da Hand
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use
Data Release Production	DMS-REQ-0326 Storing Approximations of Per-pixel Metadata
	DMS-REQ-0331 Computing Derived Quantities
	DMS-REQ-0333 Maximum Likelihood Values and Covariances
	DMS-REQ-0347 Measurements in catalogs
	DMS-REQ-0325 Regenerating L1 Data Products During Data Release Pro-
	cessing
	DMS-REQ-0034 Associate Sources to Objects
	DMS-REQ-0047 Provide PSF for Coadded Images
	DMS-REQ-0103 Produce Images for EPO
	DMS-REQ-0106 Coadded Image Provenance
	DMS-REQ-0267 Source Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0268 Forced-Source Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0275 Object Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0046 Provide Photometric Redshifts of Galaxies
	DMS-REQ-0276 Object Characterization
	DMS-REQ-0277 Coadd Source Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0349 Detecting extended low surface brightness objects
	DMS-REQ-0278 Coadd Image Method Constraints
	DMS-REQ-0279 Deep Detection Coadds
	DMS-REQ-0280 Template Coadds
	DMS-REQ-0281 Multi-band Coadds
	DMS-REQ-0329 All-Sky Visualization of Data Releases
	DMS-REQ-0330 Best Seeing Coadds
	DMS-REQ-0335 PSF-Matched Coadds
	DMS-REQ-0337 Detecting faint variable objects
	Z NEQ 3337 Secretaing faint variable objects



Component	Requirements
Data Release Production (continued)	DMS-REQ-0320 Processing of Data From Special Programs
	DMS-REQ-0350 Associating Objects across data releases
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data
	•
	DMS-REQ-0032 Image Differencing DMS-REQ-0032 Provide Source Detection Software
	DMS-REQ-0033 Provide Source Detection Software DMS-REQ-0043 Provide Astronomic Model
	DMS-REQ-0042 Provide Astrometric Model DMS-REQ-0042 Provide Astrometric Model
	DMS-REQ-0043 Provide Calibrated Photometry
	 DMS-REQ-0052 Enable a Range of Shape Measurement Approaches
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use
MOPS and Forced Photometry	DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 hrs
	DMS-REQ-0004 Nightly Data Accessible Within 24 hrs DMS-REQ-0273 SSObject Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0317 DIAForcedSource Catalog
	DMS-REQ-0319 Characterizing Variability
	DMS-REQ-0321 Level 1 Processing of Special Programs Data DMS-REQ-03244 Construints on Level 1 Special Programs Data
	 DMS-REQ-0344 Constraints on Level 1 Special Program Products Generation
	DMS-REQ-0341 Providing a Precovery Service
	DMS-REQ-0089 Solar System Objects Available Within Specified Time DMS-REQ-0089 Solar System Objects Available Within Specified Time
	DMS-REQ-0286 SSObject Precovery
	DMS-REQ-0287 DIASource Precovery
	DMS-REQ-0288 Use of External Orbit Catalogs
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use

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Component	Requirements
Periodic Calibration	DMS-REQ-0059 Bad Pixel Map
	DMS-REQ-0060 Bias Residual Image
	DMS-REQ-0061 Crosstalk Correction Matrix
	DMS-REQ-0062 Illumination Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0063 Monochromatic Flatfield Data Cube
	DMS-REQ-0130 Calibration Data Products
	DMS-REQ-0132 Calibration Image Provenance
	DMS-REQ-0282 Dark Current Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0283 Fringe Correction Frame
	DMS-REQ-0265 Guider Calibration Data Acquisition
	DMS-REQ-0289 Calibration Production Processing
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use
Raw Calibration	DMC DEO 0101 Level 1 Calibration Depart Definition
	DMS-REQ-0101 Level 1 Calibration Report Definition DMS REQ 0131 Calibration Process Available Within Specified Times
	DMS-REQ-0131 Calibration Images Available Within Specified Time DMS-REQ-0000 Simulated Data
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data DMS REQ-0300 Software Auditority to Enable Community Reliable
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use
Template Generation	DMS-REQ-0280 Template Coadds
	DMS-REQ-0009 Simulated Data
	DMS-REQ-0308 Software Architecture to Enable Community Re-Use
Science Primitives	DMS-REQ-0042 Provide Astrometric Model
	DMS-REQ-0043 Provide Calibrated Photometry
	DMS-REQ-0052 Enable a Range of Shape Measurement Approaches
	DMS-REQ-0351 Provide Beam Projector Coordinate Calculation Software

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